

COMPLETED TASKS

TASK 2 – PERFORMANCE, RELIABILITY AND ANALYSIS OF PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEMS

OVERALL OBJECTIVE

The objective of Task 2 was to provide technical information on PV operational performance, long-term reliability and costs of PV systems, which is very important for an emerging technology. This service was given to a diverse target audience including PV industry, research laboratories, utilities and manufacturers, system designers, installers, standardisation organisations and the educational sector. Task 2 aimed to provide performance data for both general assessments of PV system technologies and improvements of system design and operation.

MEANS

Task 2 work was structured into seven subtasks in order to achieve the objectives.

These were achieved through the development and continuous update of the PV Performance Database, an international database containing information on the technical performance, reliability and costs of PV power systems and subsystems. Task 2 also analysed performance and reliability data for PV systems and components in their respective countries. Activities included the work on the availability of irradiation data, performance prediction for PV systems, shading effects and temperature effects as well as long-term performance and reliability analysis, monitoring techniques, normalised evaluation of PV systems, user's awareness and quality aspects of PV system performance.

Subtasks 1, 5, 6 and 7 were terminated at the end of 2007, while Subtask 3 was concluded in 1999 and Subtasks 2 and 4 were terminated in 2004. Task 2 was officially concluded in 2007.

SUBTASK 1: PV PERFORMANCE DATABASE

Participants worked on the development and update of a PV Performance Database, an international database containing information on the technical performance, reliability and costs of PV systems and subsystems located worldwide. The information was gathered and presented by means of standard data collection formats and definitions. The database allows the comparison of components' quality, long-term operational results, analysis of performance and yields, long-term operational results, analytical calculations, yield prediction and checking of design programmes. A collection of such a variety of high quality operational data presents a unique tool for PV system performance analysis. The performance data are available at the IEA PVPS website: www.iea-pvps.org. In addition, the complete database programme can be downloaded from the same website.

SUBTASK 2: ANALYSIS OF PV POWER SYSTEMS (FROM 1999 TO 2004)

Participants analysed performance and maintenance data for PV power systems and components in their respective countries, both in order to ensure the quality and comparability of data entered in the database under Subtask 1 and to develop analytical reports on key issues such as operational performance, reliability and sizing of PV systems. Participants also compared existing data on operational reliability and developed recommendations on maintenance aspects.

SUBTASK 3: MEASURING AND MONITORING APPROACHES (FROM 1995 TO 1999)

Participants worked on a handbook covering PV system monitoring techniques, normalised analysis of PV systems and national monitoring procedures in the IEA member countries. This document covered measuring and monitoring in the context of PV systems and expanded in breadth and details the issue of monitoring. It helped orientating and relating technical explanations and details of existing experiences and guidelines. Available documentation on measuring and monitoring approaches was brought together and assessed for their scope and contents.

SUBTASK 4: IMPROVING PV SYSTEMS PERFORMANCE (FROM 1999 TO 2004)

Participants worked on recommendations on sizing of PV power systems and suggested improvements for better PV system performance. Participants identified tools to process and analyse data for performance prediction and sizing purposes. Applied energy management schemes were analyzed from the energy and operating cost points of view. Participants took account of the work performed in other Subtasks and worked in collaboration with Task 3.

SUBTASK 5: TECHNICAL ASSESSMENTS AND TECHNOLOGY TRENDS OF PV SYSTEMS

Participants analysed and validated expertise and performance results from grid-connected (GCS), stand-alone (SAS) and PV-based hybrid systems. The aims of this subtask were to demonstrate up-to-date performance validation criteria for a qualitative ranking of PV grid-connected, stand-alone and PV-based hybrid systems. It also identified high performance products, technologies and design methodology in order to foster the development of maximum conversion efficiency and optimum integration of PV. Activities included evaluating PV performance over time and failure statistics, analysing the end-user's consciousness on PV system performance and the use of satellite images for PV performance prediction.

SUBTASK 6: PV SYSTEM COST OVER TIME

Task 2 identified and evaluated the important elements, which are responsible for the life cycle economic performance of PV systems by investigating economic data for all key components of PV systems and by gathering information about real life costs of maintenance of PV systems. Participants worked on national case studies on performance and costs in their countries to provide a good insight of performance and cost trends of PV systems for a 10-year-period.

SUBTASK 7: DISSEMINATION ACTIVITIES

Task 2 put enhanced efforts to disseminate Task 2 results & deliverables to target audiences on the national and international level using websites, workshops & symposia as well as presentations at conferences and seminars. Task 2 deliverables range from the PV Performance Database to technical reports and conference papers. The public PVPS and Task websites enabled downloads and technical information to be provided quickly and cost-effectively to the users. The Task 2 website is available in eight different languages spoken by the Task delegates. For gaining information on the user profile and

customers of Task 2 deliverables, monthly download statistics were prepared on a regular, biannual basis.

Activities included seminar presentations, training courses for system designers and installers (Italy), European master course and university seminars to advanced students (France, Germany), conference contributions for national and international audiences as well as presentations and distributions of the Performance Database programme and other Task 2 deliverables.

Task 2 developed a web based educational tool in close cooperation with Task 10 that is available at www.bipvtool.com. This tool represents a detailed, practical source of information on building integrated PV from the idea to the long-term operation of PV systems.

TASK 2 REPORTS AND DATABASE

Task 2 produced the following technical reports, workshop proceedings and database programme from 1997 to 2007:

Database

IEA PVPS Database Task 2, T2-02:2001 <http://www.iea-pvps-task2.org>

Task 2 Technical Reports

1. ANALYSIS OF PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEMS, T2-01:2000, April 2000
2. OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE, RELIABILITY AND PROMOTION OF PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEMS, T2-03:2002, May 2002
3. THE AVAILABILITY OF IRRADIATION DATA, T2-04:2004, April 2004
4. COUNTRY REPORTS ON PV SYSTEM PERFORMANCE, T2-05:2008, December 2004
5. COST AND PERFORMANCE TRENDS IN GRID-CONNECTED PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEMS AND CASE STUDIES, T2-06:2007, December 2007
6. PERFORMANCE PREDICTION OF GRID-CONNECTED PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEMS USING REMOTE SENSING, T2-07:2008, March 2008

Task 2 Internal Reports

1. HANDBOOK ON MONITORING AND MONITORING APPROACHES, ECN, Netherlands, November 1998
2. PROCEEDINGS OF WORKSHOP "PV SYSTEM PERFORMANCE, TECHNOLOGY, RELIABILITY AND ECONOMICAL FACTORS OF THE PV INDUSTRY", ISFH, Germany, October 2005
3. REPORT ON USERS' AWARENESS OF PV SYSTEM PERFORMANCE, AIST, Japan, September 2007.

DELIVERABLES - WHERE TO GET THEM?

All technical reports are available for download at the IEA PVPS website:

<http://www.iea-pvps.org> and the Task 2 website: <http://www.iea-pvps-task2.org/>

PARTICIPANTS

Thirteen countries supported Task 2 activities:

Austria, Canada, European Union, EPIA, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Poland, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States.

Participants represented the following sectors: research & development, system engineering, PV industry and utility.

CONTACT INFORMATION

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COMPLETED TASKS

TASK 3 – USE OF PHOTOVOLTAIC POWER SYSTEMS IN STAND-ALONE AND ISLAND APPLICATIONS

OVERALL OBJECTIVE

Task 3 was established in 1993 to stimulate collaboration between IEA countries in order to improve the technical quality and cost-effectiveness of photovoltaic systems in stand-alone and island applications.

When the first programme (1993–1999) was approved, the stand-alone photovoltaic sector was largely comprised of solar home systems for rural electrification, remote 'off-grid' homes in industrialised countries and PV consumer goods. PV hybrid systems and niche off grid applications such as PV powered bus shelters were also being introduced in certain countries.

As part of this programme, a number of documents were published as information about installed stand-alone PV systems worldwide. These included a lessons learned book featuring case studies from each country, as well as a survey of PV programmes in developing countries.

Task 3's second programme (1999–2004) was initiated against this background with the following overall objectives:

Considering all types of stand-alone photovoltaic systems, ranging from small PV kits to power stations supplying micro-grids, the main objective of Task 3 is to improve the technical quality and cost-effectiveness of PV systems in stand-alone and island applications.

TASK 3 Aimed:

- To collect, analyse and disseminate information on the technical performance and cost structure of PV systems in these applications
- To share the knowledge and experience gained in monitoring selected national and international projects
- To provide guidelines for improvement of the design, construction and operation of photovoltaic power systems and subsystems
- To contribute to the development of improved photovoltaic systems and subsystems"

The main target audience of Task 3 activities were technical groups such as project developers, system designers, industrial manufacturers, installers, utilities, Quality organisations, training providers, end users.

The 1999–2004 work programme included the following subtasks and activities:

SUBTASK 1: QUALITY ASSURANCE

Activity 11: Critical Review of Implementation of Quality Assurance Schemes

To develop quality assurance schemes that will lead to a warranty for all system installations at reasonable cost.

Activity 12: Technical Aspects of Performance Assessment on Field – Quality Management

To identify and establish practical performance assessment guidelines.

SUBTASK 2: TECHNICAL ISSUES

Activity 21: Hybrid Systems

To contribute to cost reduction through standardisation and modularity in order to facilitate large scale dissemination of PV hybrid systems.

Activity 22: Storage Function

To provide recommendations to decrease the cost of storage in PV and PV hybrid systems.

Activity 23: Load/Appliances : Load Management and New Applications

To provide a technical contribution to cost reduction by showing the cost efficiencies associated with effective load management and efficient appliance selection.

Collaborative activities had to develop knowledge based on project implementations, technological improvements from the equipment manufacturers, R&D programmes results, and feed-back coming from the field.

PUBLICATIONS

Task 3 publications can be downloaded from the IEA PVPS website www.iea-pvps.org and are listed below:

TECHNICAL REPORTS PUBLISHED BY TASK 3 DURING THE PERIOD 1999–2004

TITLE	REFERENCE NUMBER
Survey of National and International Standards, Guidelines and Quality Assurance Procedures for Stand-Alone Photovoltaic Systems	IEA-PVPS T3-07:2000
Recommended Practices for Charge Controllers	IEA-PVPS T3-08:2000
Use of Appliances in Stand-Alone Photovoltaic Systems: Problems and Solutions	IEA-PVPS T3-09:2002
Management of Lead-Acid Batteries used in Stand-Alone Photovoltaic Power Systems	IEA-PVPS T3-10:2002
Testing of Lead-Acid Batteries used in Stand-Alone Photovoltaic Power Systems – Guidelines	IEA-PVPS T3-11:2002
Selecting Stand-Alone Photovoltaic Systems – Guidelines	IEA-PVPS T3-12:2002
Monitoring Stand-Alone Photovoltaic Systems: Methodology and Equipment – Recommended Practices	IEA-PVPS T3-13:2003
Protection Against the Effects of Lightning on Stand-Alone Photovoltaic Systems – Common Practices	IEA-PVPS T3-14:2003
Managing the Quality of Stand-Alone Photovoltaic Systems – Recommended Practices	IEA-PVPS T3-15:2003
Demand Side Management for Stand-Alone Photovoltaic Systems	IEA-PVPS T3-16:2003
Selecting Lead-Acid Batteries Used in Stand-Alone Photovoltaic Power Systems – Guidelines	IEA-PVPS T3-17:2004
Alternative to Lead-Acid Batteries in Stand-Alone Photovoltaic Systems	IEA-PVPS T3-18:2004

SCOPE FOR FUTURE ACTIVITIES

A proposal was introduced at the 23rd IEA PVPS Executive Committee Meeting in Espoo, Finland, in May 2004.

The newly proposed programme objective has led to the initiation of the new Task 11, "PV Hybrid Systems within Mini-Grids;" which received approval for its Workplan at the 26th IEA PVPS ExCo Meeting, October 2005.

DELIVERABLES - WHERE TO GET THEM?

All Task 3 reports are available for download at the IEA PVPS website:
www.iea-pvps.org

PARTICIPANTS

Thirteen countries supported Task 3 activities: Australia, Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, the Netherlands, United Kingdom.

The Netherlands and Spain, due to national decisions during this period, halted their participation; respectively in 2001 and 2002.

CONTACT INFORMATION

For information, contact the former Task 3 Operating Agent or visit the IEA PVPS website.

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COMPLETED TASKS

TASK 5 – GRID INTERCONNECTION OF BUILDING INTEGRATED AND OTHER DISPERSED PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEMS

OVERALL OBJECTIVE

The objective of Task 5 was to develop and verify technical requirements, which served as the technical guidelines for grid interconnection with building-integrated and other dispersed PV systems. The development of these technical requirements included safety and reliable linkage to the electric grid at the lowest possible cost. The systems to be considered were those connected with a low-voltage grid, which was typically of a size between one and fifty peak kilowatts. Task 5 was officially concluded in 2003.

MEANS

Participants carried out five subtasks; Subtasks 10,20,30,40 and 50 in order to achieve these objectives. The objectives of each subtask were as follows:

SUBTASK 10: Review of Previously Installed PV Experiences (From 1993 to 1998)

To review existing technical guidelines, local regulations and operational results of grid interconnection with building-integrated and other dispersed PV systems to aid Subtask 20 in defining existing guidelines and producing concepts for new requirements and devices.

SUBTASK 20: Definition of Guidelines to be Demonstrated (From 1993 to 1998)

Utilizing the results of Subtask 10 and a questionnaire, existing technical guidelines and requirements to be demonstrated will be defined, and concepts for new requirements and devices will be developed; with safety, reliability, and cost reduction taken into consideration.

SUBTASK 30: Demonstration Test Using Rokko Island and/or Other Test Facilities (From 1993 to 1998)

To evaluate, by demonstration tests, the performance of existing and new technical requirements and devices defined in Subtask 20.

SUBTASK 40: Summarizing Results (From 1993 to 2001)

To summarize the results of Task 5 and to produce a general report for all participating countries of Task 5, as well as for the ExCo members.

SUBTASK 50: Study on Highly Concentrated Penetration of Grid Interconnected PV Systems (From 1999 to 2001)

To assess the net impact of highly concentrated PV systems on electricity distribution systems and to establish recommendations for both distribution and PV inverter systems in order to enable widespread deployment of solar energy.

TASK 5 REPORTS AND WORKSHOP PROCEEDINGS:

Task 5 produced the following reports and workshop proceedings:

Task 5 Reports

1. "Utility aspects of grid interconnected PV systems", IEA-PVPS T5-01: 1998, December 1998
2. "Demonstration tests of grid connected photovoltaic power systems", IEA-PVPS T5-02: 1999, March 1999
3. "Grid-connected photovoltaic power systems: Summary of Task V activities from 1993 to 1998", IEA-PVPS T5-03: 1999, March 1999
4. "PV system installation and grid-interconnection guideline in selected IEA countries", IEA-PVPS T5-04: 2001, November 2001
5. "Grid-connected photovoltaic power systems: Survey of inverter and related protection equipments", IEA-PVPS T5-05: 2002, December 2002

6. "International guideline for the certification of photovoltaic system components and grid-connected systems", IEA-PVPS T5-06: 2002, February 2002
7. "Probability of islanding in utility networks due to grid connected photovoltaic power systems", IEA-PVPS T5-07: 2002, September 2002
8. "Risk analysis of islanding of photovoltaic power systems within low voltage distribution networks", IEA-PVPS T5-08: 2002, March 2002
9. "Evaluation of islanding detection methods for photovoltaic utility-interactive power systems", IEA-PVPS T5-09: 2002, March 2002
10. "Impacts of power penetration from photovoltaic power systems in distribution networks", IEA-PVPS T5-10: 2002, February 2002
11. "Grid-connected photovoltaic power systems: Power value and capacity value of PV systems", IEA-PVPS T5-11: 2002, February 2002

Task 5 Internal Reports (Open to Public)

1. "Grid-connected photovoltaic power systems: Status of existing guidelines and regulations in selected IEA member countries (Revised Version)", IEA-PVPS V-1-03, March 1998
2. "Information on electrical distribution systems in related IEA countries (Revised Version)", IEA-PVPS V-1-04, March 1998

Proceedings of Final Task 5 Workshop

1. Introduction and table of contents
2. Flyer of the workshop
3. List of participants of the workshop
4. Final programme of the workshop
5. Key note speech
6. Islanding detection methods
7. Probability of islanding in power networks
8. Risk analysis of islanding
9. Conclusions of task V islanding studies
10. Recapitulation of first day
11. Overview of (inter)national interconnection guidelines for PV-systems
12. State of the art inverter technology and grid interconnection
13. Impacts of PV penetration in distribution networks
14. Power value and capacity of PV systems

DELIVERABLES – Where to get them?

All reports are available for download at the IEA PVPS website: <http://www.iea-pvps.org>

A Task 5 CD-ROM including all the reports was published for distribution. This can be ordered at the contact address below.

CONTACT INFORMATION

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COMPLETED TASKS

TASK 6 - DESIGN AND OPERATION OF MODULAR PHOTOVOLTAIC PLANTS FOR LARGE SCALE POWER GENERATION

OVERALL OBJECTIVE

Task 6 officially completed its activities in May 1998. The main objective of this Task was to further develop large-scale modular photovoltaic plants for peaking and long-term baseload power generation in connection with the medium-voltage grid.

MEANS

The Task 6 work was performed by structural engineers and PV industry experts. The work was structured into four sub-tasks, for a total of fifteen activities.

SUBTASK 10: Review of Design and Construction Experiences of Large-Scale PV Plants

To perform, on the basis of the Paestum Workshop results, an in-depth review of existing large-scale PV plants aimed both to identify the remarkable technical solutions adopted in such plants and the main common criteria applied for their design, installation, operation, monitoring, and to perform a detailed cost analysis of the plants taken into account.

SUBTASK 20: Review of Operational Experiences in Large-Scale PV Plants

To perform, also utilising the work in progress of Subtask 10 and on the basis of the Paestum Workshop results, an in-depth review of operational experiences in existing large-scale PV plants. The analysis of the acquired data was focused on the comparison between the expected and actual results, both technical and economical; the information flow was continuously updated through acquisition of data from all the plants in operation.

SUBTASK 30: Development of Improved System Design and Operational Strategies for Large-Scale PV Plants

Based on the work of Subtasks 10 and 20, the evaluation work, together with the information gathering activity, let the assessment of most appropriate, innovative technical options for modular design of large-scale PV plants. Both PV and BOS components were dealt with, taking into account: performances improvement, costs reduction, and realisation simplification.

The co-operation among utilities and industries of many countries offered the opportunity to review in detail the performance data and the technical aspects which determined the design approach of the largest PV plants in the world, and to develop improved system design, and operational strategies for such plants.

SUBTASK 40: Outlook of Perspectives of Large-Scale PV Plants

Based on the assumption that large grid connected PV power plants have proven their applicability under the technical point of view, the Subtask was aimed at identifying the path in order to let such plants become a substantial option and play an increasing role in a future oriented energy concept in OECD countries, as well as in developing countries.

TASK 6 REPORTS AND WORKSHOP PROCEEDINGS

Task 6 produced the following reports and workshop proceedings from 1993 to 1998:

1. The Proceedings of the Paestum Workshop.
2. A PV Plant Comparison of 15 plants.
3. The State of the Art of: High Efficiency, High Voltage, Easily Installed Modules for the Japanese Market.
4. A document on "Criteria and Recommendations for Acceptance Test."
5. A paper entitled: "Methods to Reduce Mismatch Losses."
6. Report of questionnaires in the form of a small book containing organized information collected through questionnaires integrated with statistical data of the main system parameters and of the main performance indices.
7. The "Guidebook for Practical Design of Large Scale Power Generation Plant," edited by the Japanese expert.
8. The "Review of Medium to Large Scale Modular PV Plants Worldwide."
9. Proceedings of the Madrid Workshop.

DELIVERABLES - Where to get them?

All reports are available for download at the IEA PVPS website: <http://www.iea-pvps.org>

CONTACT INFORMATION

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COMPLETED TASKS

TASK 7 – PHOTOVOLTAIC POWER SYSTEMS IN THE BUILT ENVIRONMENT

OVERALL OBJECTIVE

The objective of Task 7 was to enhance the architectural quality, the technical quality and the economic viability of PV systems in the built environment. The objective was also to assess and remove non-technical barriers for their introduction as an energy-significant option.

It is expected that successful integration of PV systems into the built environment (BIPV) will contribute significantly to the future spread of PV.

For this, active involvement of urban planners, architects and building engineers is required. Task 7 motivated the collaboration between these groups and PV system specialists, utility specialists, PV and building industry and other professionals involved in photovoltaics.

Task 7 considered all grid connected systems other than classified as "ground based arrays". Primary focus of this Task was on the integration of PV into the architectural design of roofs and facades of residential, commercial and industrial buildings and other structures in the built environment (such as noise barriers, parking areas and railway canopies), and on other market factors, both technical and non-technical, that need to be addressed and resolved before wide spread adoption of PV in the built environment will occur. Task 7 officially started on January 1, 1997 and finished end 2001. In 2002, the last reports and deliverables were published. At the end of 2003 there remained only one outstanding issue: the publication of the book "Designing with Solar Power". This book is expected in Spring 2005.

SUBTASK 1: Architectural Design of Photovoltaic Power Systems in the Built Environment

Participants worked on the improvement of the architectural design of PV systems as an integral element in buildings and other structures in the built environment. For this purpose, existing PV projects were documented. In addition, case studies were followed and evaluated by the Task Participants. Many of these case studies were realised as demonstration projects.

SUBTASK 2: Systems Technologies for Photovoltaic Power Systems in the Built Environment

Participants worked on the development of new concepts for photovoltaic power systems in the built environment that can enhance the electrical performance or the performance of the PV system as a building component. New concepts, developed by the Participants shall enhance market opportunities for the industry. This Subtask aims for a number of standardised and certified PV elements for integration in buildings and other structures in the built environment. The Subtask will also provide a number of options to effectively utilise PV electricity and to connect PV systems safely and reliably to the electricity grid, as far as this topic is not addressed by Task 5 of the PVPS Implementing Agreement.

SUBTASK 3: Non-Technical Barriers in the Introduction of Photovoltaic Power Systems in the Built Environment

Participants assessed the non-technical barriers to be removed to make PV in the built environment an energy-significant power supply

option. The purpose of this Subtask was to identify the barriers on one side and the (technical, economic, market) potential of PV in the built environment on the other. The main result of this Subtask will be an executive IEA report on strategies for barrier removal and utilisation of the PV potential.

SUBTASK 4: Demonstration and Dissemination of Photovoltaic Power Systems in the Built Environment

The results of the other Subtasks were brought to the market by dissemination of collected information and the demonstration of new concepts. Demonstration of mounting and system concepts takes place through the EPFL Demosite. Results are disseminated by the use of different media (ranging from papers, books, and brochures to new media such as a CD-ROM or a WWW-site). Dissemination will also occur through the second and third International Solar Electric Buildings Conferences and national workshops in conjunction with the semi-annual meetings of the Task. Furthermore, the possibility of a training and education program was assessed and resulted in a CD-ROM.

TASK 7 REPORTS

Task 7 produced the following reports from 1999 to 2002:

1. Literature Survey and Analysis of Non-technical Problems for the Introduction of BIPV Systems, B. van Mierlo & B. Oudshoff, IVAM Environmental Research, 1999. To be ordered at IVAM Environmental Research, NL, Fax + 31 20 525 58 50
2. PV in Non Building Structures – A Design Guide, M.A. Romero, EcoCode-Miljö och Architectur, 1999. To be ordered at Energiebanken, SE, Fax: +46 652 13 427
3. Potential for Building Integrated Photovoltaics, M. Gutschner, NET Nowak Energie & Technologie AG, 2001. To be ordered at NET, CH, Fax: +41 26 49 40 034
4. Guidelines for the Economic Evaluation of Building Integrated Photovoltaics, P. Eiffert, National Renewable Energy Laboratories, 2002. To be ordered at NREL, USA, website: www.nrel.gov/buildings/highperformance.
5. Market Deployment Strategies for Photovoltaics in the Built Environment, R. Haas, Technische Universität Wien, 2002. To be ordered at Technische Universität Wien, AT, Fax: +43 1 588 013 7397
6. Innovative electric concepts, H. Wilk, Energie AG, 2002. To be ordered at Energie AG, AT, Fax: +43732 9000 3309
7. Reliability of Photovoltaic Systems, H. Laukamp, Fraunhofer Institute für Solar Energiesysteme, 2002. To be ordered at Fraunhofer Institute für Solar Energiesysteme, GE, Fax: +49 761 4588 217
8. PV/Thermal Solar Energy Systems, Status of the Technology and Roadmap for future Development, H. Sorensen, Esbensen Consulting Engineers, 2002, To be ordered at Esbensen Consulting Engineers, DK, Fax: +45 33 26 73 01
11. Executive Summary Report – Non-technical Barriers to the commercialisation of Photovoltaic Power in the Built Environment, P. Eiffert, National Renewable Energy Laboratories, to be ordered at NREL, USA, website: www.nrel.gov/buildings/highperformance

DELIVERABLES - Where to get them?

All reports are available for download at IEA PVPS website: www.iea-pvps.org.

In addition, all reports and many other deliverables are summarized on CD-ROM, which can be ordered at Novem, The Netherlands.

Task 7, Project Results and Documents.

To be ordered at:

Novem, Publication Centre

PO Box 8242

3503 RE Utrecht

The Netherlands

Tel.: +31 30 2393493

Email: publicatiecentrum@novem.nl.

Task 7 book: "Designing With Solar Power"

To be ordered at:

The Images Publishing Group Pty Ltd

6 Bastow Place

Mulgrave, Victoria 3170, Australia

PARTICIPANTS

In total, 14 countries participated in Task 7, with representatives from all targeted groups: architects, building and PV industry, PV and building specialists and utilities.

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Task 7 deliverables: www.iea-pvps.org

Task 7 website: www.task7.org

Task 7 demosite: www.demosite.ch

PV Projects database: www.pvdatabase.com